## PROBLEM SOLVING STRATEGIES

## What's Important

,


Sometimes problems give you more information than you need. Identifying what is important and what is not needed can help to solve the problem.
Step 1 Highlight the important information.
Step 2: Cross out the information that is not needed.

## Estimate, Check and Improve

Sometimes you can make an informed estimate of the answer to a problem then check if your estimate is reasonable. If you're not close the first time, improve your thinking and check again.
Step 1: Read the problem Carefully.
Step 2: Determine a reasonable estimate for the answer.
Step 3: Check if your estimate is correct.
Step 4: If not, use what you have learned to improve your estimate and check again.
Step 5: Continue to adjust your estimate $\$$ check it until you find the correct answer.

## Show the Problem Using Numbers or Symbols

sometimes using numbers and symbols heips us to solve the problem in a faster, easier way.
Step 1 Write a number sentence.
Step 2: Solve using Mathematical Conventions.

## Draw a Picture

Sometimes drawing a picture or a diagram helps you to 'see' the problem more clearly and easily.

## Use Materials or Act It Out

Sometimes using actions or materials can illustrate the problem and help solve it.
Step 1: Select objects to match parts of the problem.
Step 2: Arrange the objects for one possible solution.

## Use a Table

Sometimes if you organise your information into rows and columns, you can see all the possibilities.
Step 1 Decide how you will show the information
Step 2: Work back through the problem.

## Work Backwards

Sometimes you may know the end result, but don't know the starting point. You can begin at the end of the problem and work backwards.
Step 1 Start with the information you've been given.
Step 2: Work back through the problem.


## Simplify

Sometimes we can use smaller numbers to simplify problems.
Step 1 Change larger numbers into smaller, more manageable numbers.
Step 2: Complete problem with the smaller numbers.
Step 3: Use the same method with the larger numbers.

